Nasdaq: SAVA

CASSAVA sciences

Remi Barbier - President & CEO Corporate Overview

August 2020

Forward-Looking Statements & Safe Harbor

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. To identify such forward-looking statements, in some cases we use terms such as "predicts, "believes," "potential," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "plans," "intends," "may," "could," "might," "should" or other words that will convey risk or uncertainty of future events or outcomes. Forward-looking statements include risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, expected cash use in future periods; current or future plans, if any, to raise capital via equity financings; statements regarding the status of our clinical tests, expected pace of patient enrollment in our open-label study of sumifilam (formerly known as PTI-125); expected announcements in September 2020 regarding on-going assessments of clinical data for our Phase 2b study of sumifilam; interim or top-line test results, which are not necessarily indicative of final test results; the interpretation of test results, including potential health benefits, if any, of changes in levels of biomarkers of disease; variability in levels of biomarkers of disease; the potential for a reassessment of Phase 2b study results; the planned analysis of lymphocyte, plasma and cognition data; and the measured effects of sumifilam on cognition, if any; comments and commentaries made by our employees; the timing of validation studies with SavaDx; and potential benefits, if any, of the Company's product candidates for Alzheimer's disease.

Such statements are based largely on our current expectations and projections about future events. Such statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, but not limited to, those risks relating to the ability to conduct or complete clinical studies on expected timelines, to demonstrate the specificity, safety, efficacy or potential health benefits of our product candidates, the severity and duration of health care precautions given the international outbreak of an infectious disease and including those described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and future reports to be filed with the SEC.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, forward-looking statements and events discussed in this presentation are inherently uncertain and may not occur. Actual results could differ quickly, materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you should never rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events.

This presentation also may contain statistical data based on independent industry publications or other publicly available information. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the data contained in these industry publications and other publicly available information. Accordingly, we make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of that data. You are cautioned not to give undue weight to such data.

We do not undertake any obligation to update this corporate presentation or any forward-looking statements included therein, except as required by law.

The content of this presentation is solely our responsibility and does not necessarily represent the official views of the National Institutes of Health (NIH).



We are developing novel approaches to detect and to treat Alzheimer's disease.

Cassava (Austin, TX) is a biotechnology company whose innovations address Alzheimer's disease, the largest potential drug market in the world, where diagnostic methods are currently limited, treatment options are inadequate and the ability to slow disease progression is non-existent.



Meet the Team

Board of Directors



Remi Barbier - Chairman, President & CEO

EXELIXIS XOMA ARQULE



Nadav Friedmann, PhD, MD - CMO, Board member Eight FDA drug approvals prior to Cassava Sciences.





Eric Schoen - Chief Financial Officer

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Michael Zamloot - SVP Technical Operations Four FDA drug approvals prior to Cassava Sciences.





Sanford Robertson

- Founder, Partner Francisco Partners
- Formerly, Founder & Chairman Robertson, Stephens & Company



Robert Gussin, PhD.

 Formerly, Chief Scientific Officer and Corporate Vice President, Science and Technology - J&J



Patrick Scannon, MD, PhD
Formerly, Founder & CSO/CMO - XOMA Corporation

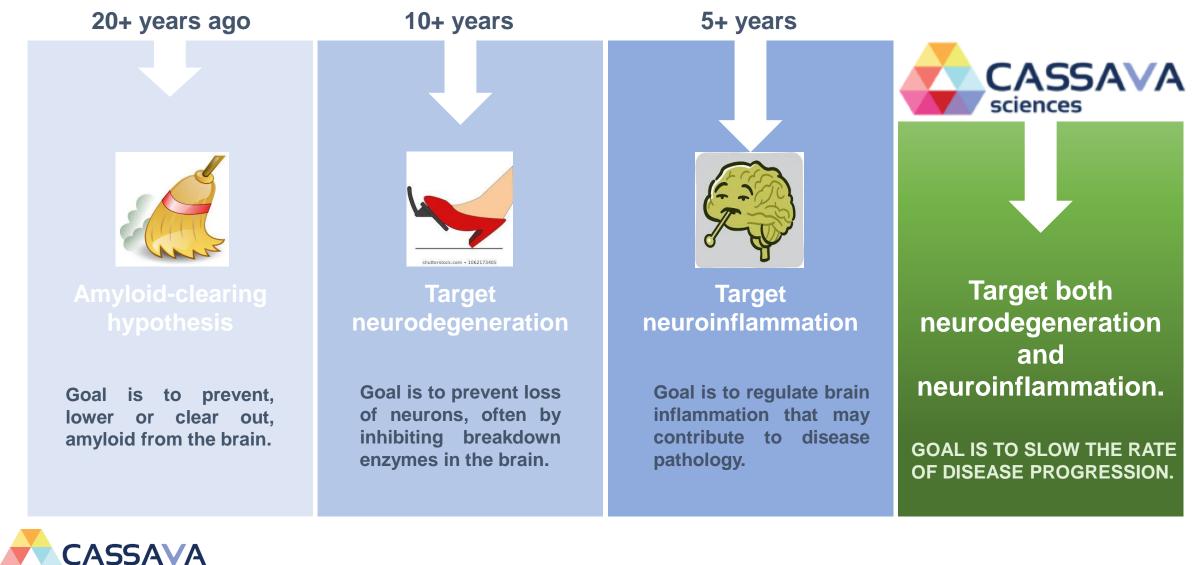


Michael O'Donnell

• Partner, Morrison & Foerster LLP

Rethinking Alzheimer's disease

sciences



Pipeline Overview

Product Candidate	Description	Target Indication	Development Status
Sumifilam (formerly known as PTI-125)	Proprietary small molecule drug.	Treatment for Alzheimer's disease.	Phase 2a Study – Positive results announced 2019 Phase 2b Study – Final results expected Sept 2020 Open-label Study – Patient enrollment is on-going
SavaDx	Antibody-based diagnostic system.	Detection of Alzheimer's disease with a simple blood test.	Analytical Development/Clinical Testing

Cassava Sciences owns worldwide rights to its pipeline, without royalty or milestone obligations.



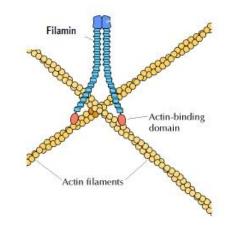
Sumifilam – A Novel Drug for Alzheimer's disease

- Sumifilam is Cassava's proprietary, oral, small molecule drug candidate to treat Alzheimer's disease and other dementias.
 - Program benefits from long-term scientific & financial support from the National Institutes of Health (NIH).
- Sumifilam reduces both neurodegeneration and neuroinflammation by binding to a single target.
- Cassava is conducting a comprehensive Phase 2 clinical testing program of sumifilam in Alzheimer's disease, in collaboration with clinical/scientific advisors.



The Target of Sumifilam is Altered Filamin A (FLNA)

FLNA is an intracellular scaffolding protein anchored in the cell membrane. FLNA interacts with > 90 proteins, influencing many signaling pathways.



The Alzheimer's brain carries an ALTERED conformation of FLNA.

Altered FLNA is critical to amyloid beta's toxicity.



Sumifilam Mechanism of Action

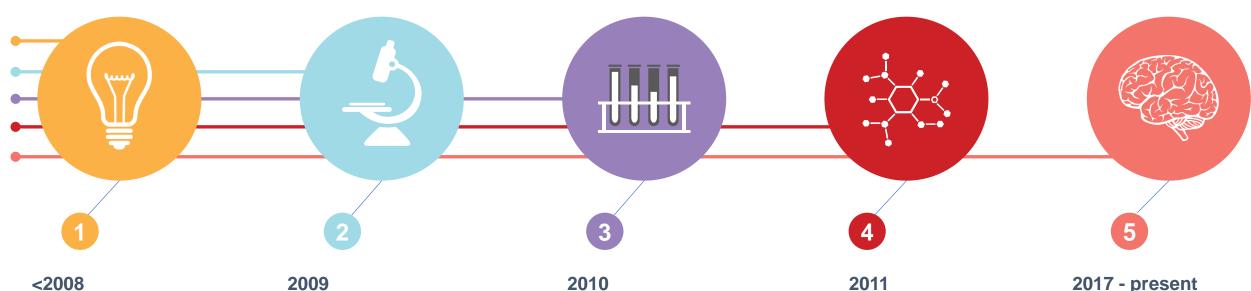
• Altered FLNA enables $A\beta_{42}$ signaling via two different receptors:

- > α 7-nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (α 7nAChR) \longrightarrow hyperphosphorylates tau
- ➢ Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) → releases inflammatory cytokines

- Sumifilam binds to the *altered* form of FLNA, restores its proper shape/function, suppresses Aβ₄₂ signaling via α7nAChR and TLR4.
 - > Through a single target, sumifilam reduces both neurodegeneration and neuroinflammation



10-Year Development Program



Basic research around neurobiology of Filamin A (FLNA).

Discovery that altered FLNA associates with α 7nAChR when A β signals.

Screening/testing of compounds that bind altered FLNA and block α 7nAChR/A β interaction.

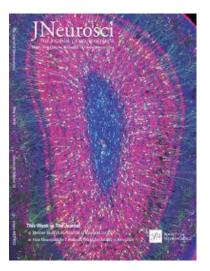
Sumifilam binds altered FLNA with high affinity, blocks α 7nAChR/A β interactions. Preclinical testing of sumifilam.

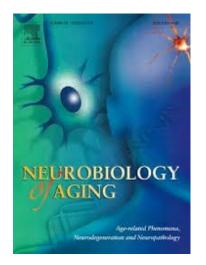
2017 - present Clinical testing of sumifilam. Positive results reported in Alzheimer's patients.

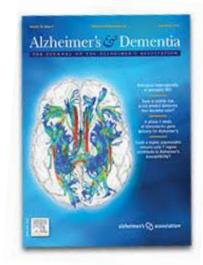


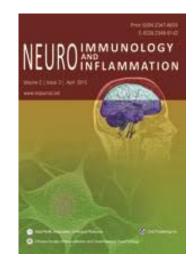
Science is Peer-reviewed

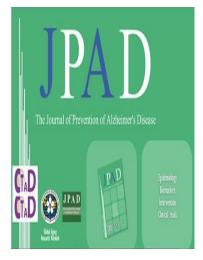
The underlying science for sumifilam has been subject to the scrutiny of many experts in the field.....











....including NIH, which has awarded our science programs >\$10 million in research grant awards.





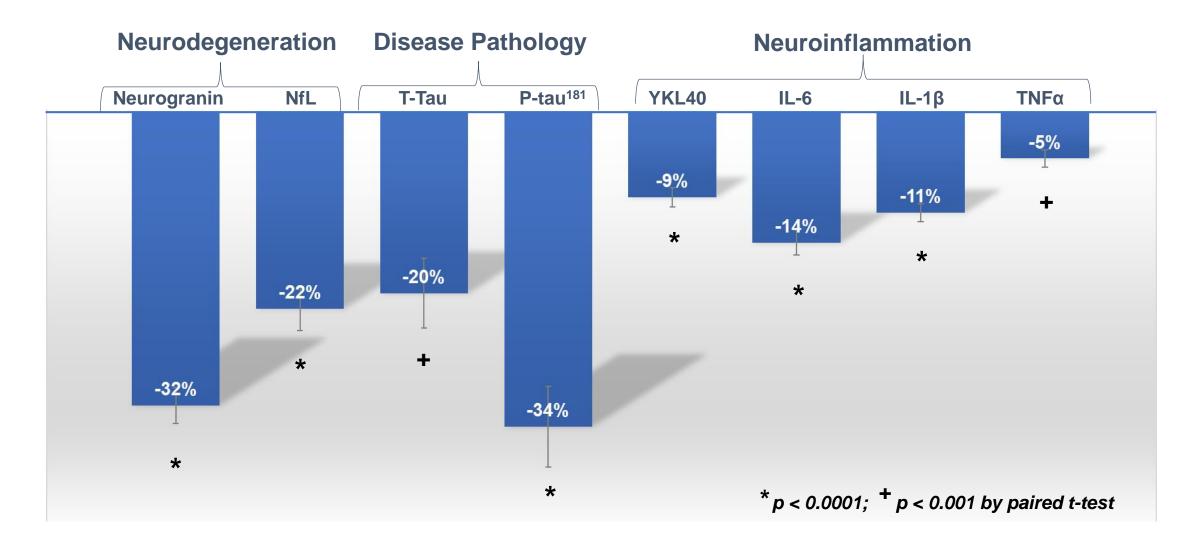
Phase 2a Study



- **Objective:** Safety, PK and biomarkers under an IND filed by Cassava Sciences
- **Study Design:** First-in-patient, open-label treatment at 5 study sites in the US
- **Patients:** Mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's, $MMSE \ge 16 \le 24$, age 50-85
- **Key Inclusion:** Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) ratio of total tau/A $\beta_{42} \ge 0.30$
- Enrollment: 13 patients
- Sumifilam Dose: 100 mg oral tablets, twice-daily for 28 continuous days
- **Biomarkers:** CSF samples collected at screening and Day 28 Blood samples for plasma/lymphocyte markers at Days 1, 14 and 28

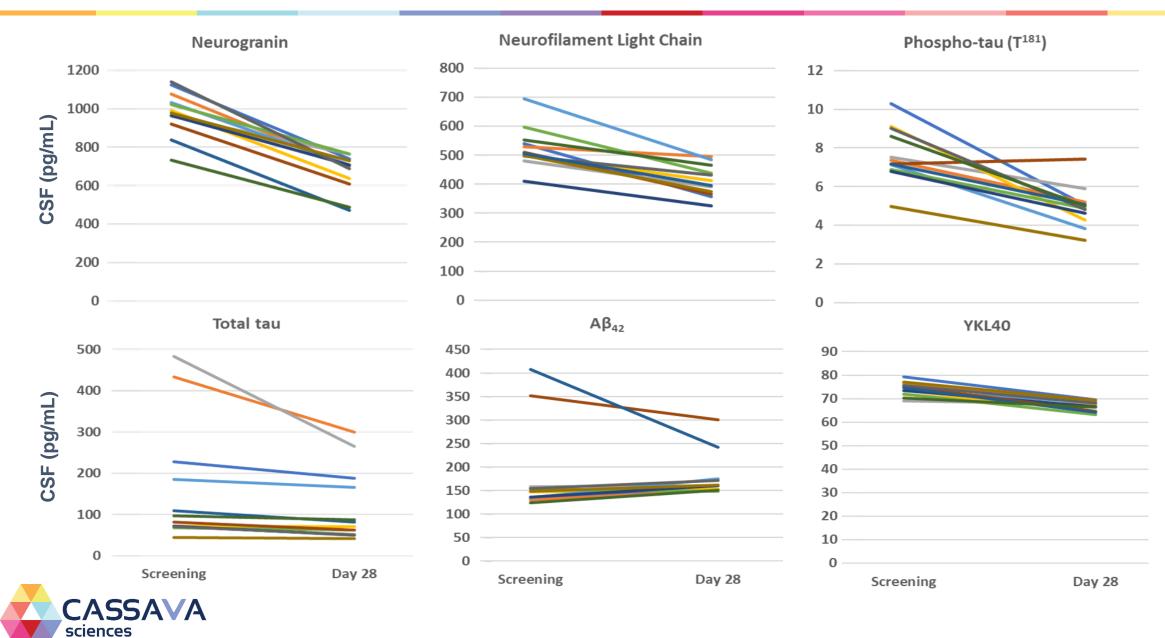


Phase 2a Results - CSF Biomarkers (Baseline to Day 28, sandwich ELISA)





Phase 2a Results: Individual Patient Responses



Phase 2a Study Conclusions

• A first-in-patient study with sumifilam, a new drug candidate, demonstrated:

- No drug related safety issues
- Significant improvements in biomarkers of disease
- Strong correlation between changes in levels of certain biomarkers
- Clinical validation for FLNA as a target for drug development
- Evidence of target engagement and mechanism of action in Alzheimer's patients
- Drug effects observed in this study are consistent with the preclinical data, mechanism of action and basic research.

Full study results published Feb 2020 in peer-reviewed journal.
 Journal of Prevention of Alzheimer's Disease (JPAD).



Phase 2b Study



Phase 2b Study

Phase 2b is a confirmatory study of the effects of sumifilam in patients with Alzheimer's disease.

	Phase 2a	Phase 2b
Status:	Completed	Completed
Design:	Open-label	Blinded, randomized, placebo-controlled
Sumifilam Dose:	100 mg b.i.d.	50 & 100 mg b.i.d.
Treatment Period:	28 days	28 days
# Patients:	13	64
Alzheimer's Stage:	Mild-to-moderate	Mild-to-moderate
MMSE Score:	16-24	16-26
Primary Endpoint:	Biomarkers (CSF/plasma)	Biomarkers (CSF/plasma)
Cognition Endpoint:	No	Yes



Phase 2b Study Design

- **Objective:** Safety and biomarkers under an IND filed with FDA
- **Study Design:** Randomized, placebo-controlled, U.S. multi-site study
- **Patients:** Mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's, $MMSE \ge 16 \le 26$, age 50-85
- **Key Inclusion:** Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) ratio of total tau/A $\beta_{42} \ge 0.30$
- Enrollment: 64 patients
- Three Arms: Placebo, 50mg or 100mg oral tablets, twice-daily for 28 continuous days
- Biomarkers: CSF samples collected at screening and Day 28 Blood samples for plasma/lymphocyte markers at Days 1, 14 and 28
- **Cognition Assay:** Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (*CANTAB*)



Top-line Phase 2b Study Results

- We announced preliminary, top-line results in May 2020, such that study Phase 2b had not achieved its pre-specified primary outcome, defined as a drug effect on CSF levels of tau protein and other biomarker assessments.
- We believe the initial bioanalysis can be interpreted as highly improbable, based on data anomalies.
 - Placebo-treated patients showed significant swings (in both directions) in levels of certain CSF biomarkers of disease over 28 days. For example, placebo-treated patients recorded changes in levels of CSF tau and p-tau ranging from -54% to +34% and -49% to +253%, respectively, from baseline to Day 28.
 - Placebo-treated patients showed no clear correlation between changes levels of certain biomarkers of disease.

"Our Phase 2b study was well-conducted, but we believe the analysis of results is a re-do," said Remi Barbier, President & CEO. "This effort is on-going. I believe the outcome of our Phase 2b study will be better understood after final clinical results are announced in September 2020."



Final Phase 2b Study Results Expected Sept 2020

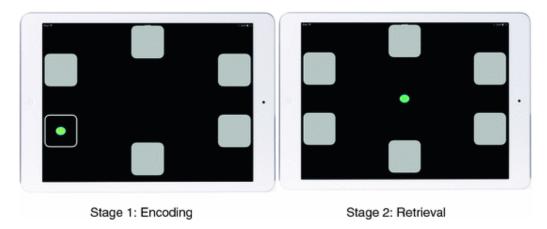
Phase 2b clinical results are currently under evaluation and analysis:

- Drug effect on levels of tau protein and other biomarker assessments.
- Evidence for target engagement in the brain.
- Drug effects of sumifilam on cognition.
- Correlation between cognition & biomarkers.



Cognition Endpoint in Phase 2b Study

• Our Phase 2b study used the Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (*CANTAB*) to evaluate cognition.



- CANTAB's primary endpoint, Paired Associates Learning (PAL), assesses visual memory and new learning skills independent of language skills, speed or gender.
 - Patients learn to pair two items in memory object & location of object
 - · Patients are exposed to progressively more difficult levels of testing
 - Outcome measures = number of errors made by participants, so......

Lower score is better.



On-going Open-label Study

- In March 2020, we announced the initiation of an open-label study to evaluate sumifilam in approximately 100 patients with mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's disease.
- We continue to see strong interest in this study from patients and physicians.
 - In August 2020, we announced this study was > 50% enrolled.
- Continues to be substantially funded by a grant award from NIH.



SavaDx



SavaDx: Our Investigational Diagnostic for Alzheimer's

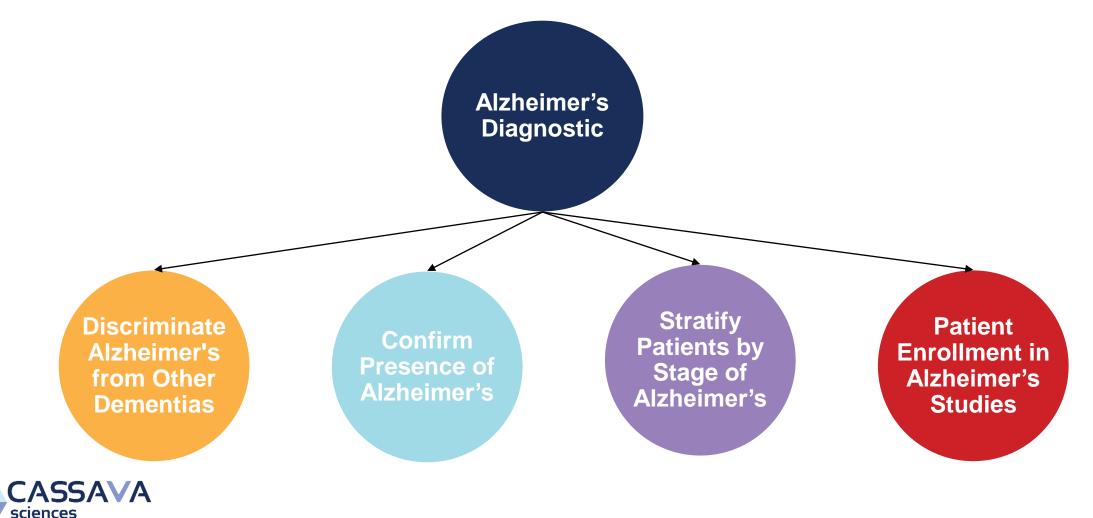
- The underlying science for sumifilam supports the development of a diagnostic technology to detect Alzheimer's disease with a simple blood test, called SavaDx.
- Goal is to detect Alzheimer's disease before the appearance of memory loss.
- SavaDx development plan benefits from long-term scientific & financial support from NIH.





Profound Need for an Alzheimer's Diagnostic Test

Goal is to identify people destined to develop Alzheimer's long before symptoms occur and to cease — or at least slow down — brain damage before it is too late.



SavaDx: Topline Study Results

In blinded studies, SavaDx detected more than 10-fold separation between Alzheimer's patients and age-matched normal controls or young cognitively intact subjects (N~232).

First Clinical Test	Second Clinical Test	Third Clinical Test	Fourth Clinical Test
N=44 Site A (US)	N=88 Site B (US)	N=100+ Site C (Europe)	N=44 Site D (Asia)
Positive Result: >10-fold separation of Alzheimer's patients from normal, healthy controls.	Positive Result: >10-fold separation of Alzheimer's patients from normal, healthy controls.	Positive Result: >10-fold separation of Alzheimer's patients from normal, healthy controls.	due to failure of commercial antibody. We are currently developing a proprietary antibody system for use with

In 2020, we expect to initiate a validation/disease specificity study of SavaDx.



SavaDx.

Finance and Milestones



Key Financials

Nasdaq ticker: SAVA				
Shares Outstanding	24.9 million			
Warrants Outstanding	1.4 million			
Total Shares Outst	anding = 26.3 million			
Unaudited Financials				
Cash Balance at June 30, 2020	≈\$25.3 million			
Expected Net Cash Use Full-year 2020	≈\$ 5.0 million			
No Debt				

Our scientific programs continue to be supported by funding from the National Institutes of Health (NIH): \$2.9 million of new NIH research grant awards announced in 2020.



2020 Anticipated Key Milestones

Product Candidate	Description	Anticipated Milestone
Sumifilam	Proprietary, small molecule drug candidate for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease.	 Final results of our Phase 2b study in Alzheimer's disease expected to be announced September 2020. Continue patient enrollment for an open-label study of sumifilam in Alzheimer's disease.
SavaDx	Blood-based investigational diagnostic to detect Alzheimer's.	 Development of proprietary antibodies and other detection systems. Initiation of a validation/disease specificity study of SavaDx.



THANK YOU !

CASSAVA sciences

Scientific Advisory Board



Jeff Cummings, MD

Research Professor of the Department of Brain Health, UNLV and Director of the Center for Neurodegeneration and Translational Neuroscience of the Cleveland Clinic Lou Ruvo Center for Brain Health



Trevor William Robbins, CBE FRS FMedSci Professor of Cognitive Neuroscience and former Head of the Department of Psychology at the University of Cambridge. Past President of the British Neuroscience Association.



Barbara Sahakian, FBA, FMedSci

Professor of Clinical Neuropsychology at the Department of Psychiatry and Medical Research Council/Wellcome Trust Behavioral and Clinical Neuroscience Institute, University of Cambridge.



Hoau-Yan Wang, PhD Tenured Medical Professor at CUNY Medical School. Co-lead scientist on discovery & development of sumifilam and SavaDx.



Steven E. Arnold, M.D.

Translational Neurology Head of the Interdisciplinary Brain Center, Massachusetts General Hospital, Harvard Medical School.



Appendix: Key Publications

Journal of Prevention of Alzheimer's Disease 2020; DOI: 10.14283 PTI-125 Reduces Biomarkers of Alzheimer's Disease In Patients: http://link.springer.com/article/10.14283/jpad.2020.6

Neuroimmunology and Neuroinflammation 2017;4:263-71: Altered filamin A enables amyloid beta induced tau hyperphosphorylation and neuroinflammation in Alzheimer's disease: http://nnjournal.net/article/view/2313

Neurobiology of Aging (Volume 55) July 2017, Pages 99—114) PTI-125 binds and reverses an altered conformation of filamin A to reduce Alzheimer's disease pathogenesis: http://www.neurobiologyofaging.org/article/S0197-4580(17)30087-8/

Alzheimer's & Dementia Volume 8, Issue 4, Supplement, 1 July 2012, Pages p259-p260 *PTI-125 reduces amyloid-related Alzheimer's pathogenesis by targeting filamin A:* https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1552526012008242

Journal of Neuroscience 18 July 2012, 32 (29) 9773-9784 Reducing amyloid-related Alzheimer's disease pathogenesis by a small molecule targeting filamin A http://www.jneurosci.org/content/32/29/9773.short

